

# Package ‘MACSr’

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**Title** MACS: Model-based Analysis for ChIP-Seq

**Version** 1.10.0

**Description** The Model-based Analysis of ChIP-Seq (MACS) is a widely used toolkit for identifying transcript factor binding sites. This package is an R wrapper of the latest MACS3.

**License** BSD\_3\_clause + file LICENSE

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|              |                     |
|--------------|---------------------|
| bdgbroadcall | <i>bdgbroadcall</i> |
|--------------|---------------------|

---

**Description**

Call broad peaks from bedGraph output. Note: All regions on the same chromosome in the bed-Graph file should be continuous so only bedGraph files from MACS3 are acceptable.

**Usage**

```
bdgbroadcall(
  ifile,
  cutoffpeak = 2,
  cutofflink = 1,
  minlen = 200L,
  lvl1maxgap = 30L,
  lvl2maxgap = 800L,
  trackline = TRUE,
  outdir = ".",
  outputfile = character(),
  log = TRUE,
  verbose = 2L
)
```

**Arguments**

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <code>ifile</code>      | MACS score in bedGraph. REQUIRED.  |
| <code>cutoffpeak</code> | Cutoff for peaks depending on which method you used for score track. If the file contains qvalue scores from MACS3, score 2 means qvalue 0.01. DEFAULT: 2  |
| <code>cutofflink</code> | Cutoff for linking regions/low abundance regions depending on which method you used for score track. If the file contains qvalue scores from MACS3, score 1 means qvalue 0.1, and score 0.3 means qvalue 0.5. DEFAULT: 1", default = 1 |
| <code>minlen</code>     | minimum length of peak, better to set it as d value. DEFAULT: 200", default = 200  |
| <code>lv11maxgap</code> | maximum gap between significant peaks, better to set it as tag size. DEFAULT: 30   |
| <code>lv12maxgap</code> | maximum linking between significant peaks, better to set it as 4 times of d value. DEFAULT: 800  |
| <code>trackline</code>  | Tells MACS not to include trackline with bedGraph files. The trackline is required by UCSC.  |
| <code>outdir</code>     | The output directory.  |
| <code>outputfile</code> | The output file.   |
| <code>log</code>        | Whether to capture logs.   |
| <code>verbose</code>    | Set verbose level of runtime message. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. DEFAULT:2  |

**Value**

macsList object.

**Examples**

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
CTRL <- eh[["EH4563"]]
p1 <- pileup(CHIP, outdir = tempdir(),
            outputfile = "pileup_ChIP_bed.bdg", format = "BED")
p2 <- pileup(CTRL, outdir = tempdir(),
            outputfile = "pileup_CTRL_bed.bdg", format = "BED")
c1 <- bdgcmp(p1$outputs, p2$outputs, outdir = tempdir(),
            oprefix = "bdgcmp", pseudocount = 1, method = "FE")
bdgbroadcall(c1$outputs, cutoffpeak = 2, cutofflink = 1.5,
            outdir = tempdir(), outputfile = "bdgbroadcall")
```

bdgcmp

*bdgcmp***Description**

Deduct noise by comparing two signal tracks in bedGraph. Note: All regions on the same chromosome in the bedGraph file should be continuous so only bedGraph files from MACS3 are acceptable.

**Usage**

```
bdgcmp(
  tfile,
  cfile,
  sfactor = 1,
  pseudocount = 0,
  method = c("ppois", "qpois", "subtract", "logFE", "FE", "logLR", "slogLR", "max"),
  oprefix = character(),
  outputfile = list(),
  outdir = ".",
  log = TRUE,
  verbose = 2L
)
```

**Arguments**

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| tfile       | Treatment bedGraph file, e.g. *_treat_pileup.bdg from MACSv2. REQUIRED   |
| cfile       | Control bedGraph file, e.g. *_control_lambda.bdg from MACSv2. REQUIRED   |
| sfactor     | Scaling factor for treatment and control track. Keep it as 1.0 or default in most cases. Set it ONLY while you have SPMR output from MACS3 callpeak, and plan to calculate scores as MACS3 callpeak module. If you want to simulate 'callpeak' w/o '-to-large', calculate effective smaller sample size after filtering redundant reads in million (e.g., put 31.415926 if effective reads are 31,415,926) and input it for '-S'; for 'callpeak -to-large', calculate effective reads in larger sample. DEFAULT: 1.0   |
| pseudocount | The pseudocount used for calculating logLR, logFE or FE. The count will be applied after normalization of sequencing depth. DEFAULT: 0.0, no pseudocount is applied.   |
| method      | Method to use while calculating a score in any bin by comparing treatment value and control value. Available choices are: ppois, qpois, subtract, logFE, logLR, and slogLR. They represent Poisson Pvalue (-log10(pvalue) form) using control as lambda and treatment as observation, q-value through a BH process for poisson pvalues, subtraction from treatment, linear scale fold enrichment, log10 fold enrichment(need to set pseudocount), log10 likelihood between ChIP-enriched model and open chromatin model(need to set pseudocount), symmetric log10 likelihood between two ChIP-enrichment models, or maximum value between the two tracks. Default option is ppois.",default="ppois". |

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| oprefix    | The PREFIX of output bedGraph file to write scores. If it is given as A, and method is 'ppois', output file will be A_ppois.bdg. Mutually exclusive with -o/-ofile.  |
| outputfile | Output filename. Mutually exclusive with -o-prefix. The number and the order of arguments for -ofile must be the same as for -m.   |
| outdir     | The output directory.  |
| log        | Whether to capture logs.   |
| verbose    | Set verbose level. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. If you want to know where are the duplicate reads, use 3. DEFAULT:2 |

### Value

macsList object.

### Examples

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
CTRL <- eh[["EH4563"]]
p1 <- pileup(CHIP, outdir = tempdir(),
            outputfile = "pileup_ChIP_bed.bdg", format = "BED")
p2 <- pileup(CTRL, outdir = tempdir(),
            outputfile = "pileup_CTRL_bed.bdg", format = "BED")
c1 <- bdgcmp(p1$outputs, p2$outputs, outdir = tempdir(),
            oprefix = "bdgcmp", pseudocount = 1, method = "FE")
```

---

bdgdiff

*bdgdiff*

---

### Description

Differential peak detection based on paired four bedgraph files. Note: All regions on the same chromosome in the bedGraph file should be continuous so only bedGraph files from MACS3 are acceptable.

### Usage

```
bdgdiff(
  t1bdg,
  t2bdg,
  c1bdg,
  c2bdg,
  cutoff = 3,
  minlen = 200L,
  maxgap = 100L,
  depth1 = 1,
```

```

depth2 = 1,
outdir = ".",
oprefix = character(),
outputfile = list(),
log = TRUE,
verbose = 2L
)

```

### Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| t1bdg      | MACS pileup bedGraph for condition 1. Incompatible with callpeak -SPMR output. REQUIRED   |
| t2bdg      | MACS pileup bedGraph for condition 2. Incompatible with callpeak -SPMR output. REQUIRED   |
| c1bdg      | MACS control lambda bedGraph for condition 1. Incompatible with callpeak -SPMR output. REQUIRED   |
| c2bdg      | MACS control lambda bedGraph for condition 2. Incompatible with callpeak -SPMR output. REQUIRED   |
| cutoff     | logLR cutoff. DEFAULT: 3 (likelihood ratio=1000)", default = 3  |
| minlen     | Minimum length of differential region. Try bigger value to remove small regions. DEFAULT: 200", default = 200   |
| maxgap     | Maximum gap to merge nearby differential regions. Consider a wider gap for broad marks. Maximum gap should be smaller than minimum length (-g). DEFAULT: 100", default = 100  |
| depth1     | Sequencing depth (# of non-redundant reads in million) for condition 1. It will be used together with -d2. See description for -d2 below for how to assign them. Default: 1   |
| depth2     | Sequencing depth (# of non-redundant reads in million) for condition 2. It will be used together with -d1. DEPTH1 and DEPTH2 will be used to calculate scaling factor for each sample, to down-scale larger sample to the level of smaller one. For example, while comparing 10 million condition 1 and 20 million condition 2, use -d1 10 -d2 20, then pileup value in bedGraph for condition 2 will be divided by 2. Default: 1 |
| outdir     | The output directory.   |
| oprefix    | Output file prefix. Actual files will be named as PREFIX_cond1.bed, PREFIX_cond2.bed and PREFIX_common.bed. Mutually exclusive with -o/-ofile.  |
| outputfile | Output filenames. Must give three arguments in order: 1. file for unique regions in condition 1; 2. file for unique regions in condition 2; 3. file for common regions in both conditions. Note: mutually exclusive with -o-prefix.   |
| log        | Whether to capture logs.  |
| verbose    | Set verbose level of runtime message. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. DEFAULT:2   |

**Value**

macsList object.

**Examples**

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
CTRL <- eh[["EH4563"]]
c1 <- callpeak(CHIP, CTRL, gsize = 5.2e7, cutoff_analysis = TRUE,
             outdir = tempdir(), name = "callpeak_narrow0", store_bdg = TRUE)
c2 <- callpeak(CHIP, CTRL, gsize = 1e7, nomodel = TRUE, extsize = 250,
             outdir = tempdir(), name = "callpeak_narrow_revert", store_bdg = TRUE)
t1bdg <- grep("treat_pileup", c1$outputs, value = TRUE)
c1bdg <- grep("control_lambda", c1$outputs, value = TRUE)
t2bdg <- grep("treat_pileup", c2$outputs, value = TRUE)
c2bdg <- grep("control_lambda", c2$outputs, value = TRUE)
bdgdiff(t1bdg, t2bdg, c1bdg, c2bdg,
        outdir = tempdir(), oprefix = "bdgdiff")
```

---

bdgopt

*bdgopt*


---

**Description**

Operations on score column of bedGraph file. Note: All regions on the same chromosome in the bedGraph file should be continuous so only bedGraph files from MACS3 are acceptable.

**Usage**

```
bdgopt(
  ifile,
  method = c("multiply", "add", "p2q", "max", "min"),
  extraparam = numeric(),
  outputfile = character(),
  outdir = ".",
  log = TRUE,
  verbose = 2L
)
```

**Arguments**

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| <code>ifile</code>  | MACS score in bedGraph. Note: this must be a bedGraph file covering the ENTIRE genome. REQUIRED  |
| <code>method</code> | Method to modify the score column of bedGraph file. Available choices are: multiply, add, max, min, or p2q. 1) multiply, the EXTRAPARAM is required and will be multiplied to the score column. If you intend to divide the score column by X, use value of 1/X as EXTRAPARAM. 2) add, the EXTRAPARAM is required and will be added to the score column. If you intend to subtract |

the score column by  $X$ , use value of  $-X$  as EXTRAPARAM. 3) max, the EXTRAPARAM is required and will take the maximum value between score and the EXTRAPARAM. 4) min, the EXTRAPARAM is required and will take the minimum value between score and the EXTRAPARAM. 5) p2q, this will convert p-value scores to q-value scores using Benjamini-Hochberg process. The EXTRAPARAM is not required. This method assumes the scores are  $-\log_{10}$  p-value from MACS3. Any other types of score will cause unexpected errors.", default="p2q"

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| extraparam | The extra parameter for METHOD. Check the detail of -m option.  |
| outputfile | Output filename. Mutually exclusive with -o-prefix. The number and the order of arguments for -ofile must be the same as for -m.  |
| outdir     | The output directory.   |
| log        | Whether to capture logs.  |
| verbose    | Set verbose level of runtime message. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. DEFAULT:2 |

### Value

macsList object.

### Examples

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
CTRL <- eh[["EH4563"]]
c1 <- callpeak(CHIP, CTRL, gsize = 5.2e7, cutoff_analysis = TRUE,
              outdir = tempdir(), name = "callpeak_narrow0",
              store_bdg = TRUE)
cfile <- grep("treat_pileup.bdg", c1$outputs, value = TRUE)
bdgopt(cfile, method = "min", extraparam = 10,
       outdir = tempdir(), outputfile = "bdgopt_min.bdg")
```

---

bdgpeakcall

*bdgpeakcall*

---

### Description

Call peaks from bedGraph output. Note: All regions on the same chromosome in the bedGraph file should be continuous so only bedGraph files from MACS3 are acceptable.

### Usage

```
bdgpeakcall(
  ifile,
  cutoff = 5,
  minlen = 200L,
```

```

maxgap = 30L,
call_summits = FALSE,
cutoff_analysis = FALSE,
trackline = TRUE,
outdir = ".",
outputfile = character(),
log = TRUE,
verbose = 2L
)

```

### Arguments

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| <code>ifile</code>           | MACS score in bedGraph. REQUIRED.   |
| <code>cutoff</code>          | Cutoff depends on which method you used for score track. If the file contains pvalue scores from MACS3, score 5 means pvalue 1e-5. DEFAULT: 5", default = 5.  |
| <code>minlen</code>          | minimum length of peak, better to set it as d value. DEFAULT: 200", default = 200.  |
| <code>maxgap</code>          | maximum gap between significant points in a peak, better to set it as tag size. DEFAULT: 30", default = 30.   |
| <code>call_summits</code>    | If set, MACS will use a more sophisticated approach to find all summits in each enriched peak region DEFAULT: False",default=False.   |
| <code>cutoff_analysis</code> | While set, bdgpeakcall will analyze number or total length of peaks that can be called by different cutoff then output a summary table to help user decide a better cutoff. Note, minlen and maxgap may affect the results. DEFAULT: False", default = False. |
| <code>trackline</code>       | Tells MACS not to include trackline with bedGraph files. The trackline is required by UCSC.   |
| <code>outdir</code>          | The output directory.   |
| <code>outputfile</code>      | The output file.  |
| <code>log</code>             | Whether to capture logs.  |
| <code>verbose</code>         | Set verbose level of runtime message. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. DEFAULT:2   |

### Value

macsList object.

### Examples

```

eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
CTRL <- eh[["EH4563"]]
p1 <- pileup(CHIP, outdir = tempdir(),

```

```

        outputfile = "pileup_ChIP_bed.bdg", format = "BED")
p2 <- pileup(CTRL, outdir = tempdir(),
        outputfile = "pileup_CTRL_bed.bdg", format = "BED")
c1 <- bdgcmp(p1$outputs, p2$outputs, outdir = tempdir(),
        oprefix = "bdgcmp", pseudocount = 1, method = "FE")
bdgpeakcall(c1$outputs, cutoff = 2,
        outdir = tempdir(), outputfile = "bdgpeakcall")

```

---

callpeak

*callpeak*


---

### Description

Main MACS3 Function to call peaks from alignment results.

### Usage

```

callpeak(
  tfile,
  cfile = NULL,
  gsize = "hs",
  tsize = NULL,
  format = "AUTO",
  keepduplicates = "1",
  outdir = ".",
  name = "NA",
  store_bdg = FALSE,
  do_SPMR = FALSE,
  trackline = FALSE,
  nomodel = FALSE,
  shift = 0,
  extsize = 200,
  bw = 300,
  d_min = 20,
  mfold = c(5, 50),
  onauto = FALSE,
  qvalue = 0.05,
  pvalue = NULL,
  tempdir = "/tmp",
  nolambda = FALSE,
  scaleto = "small",
  downsample = FALSE,
  slocal = 1000,
  llocal = 10000,
  broad = FALSE,
  broadcutoff = 0.1,
  maxgap = NULL,

```

```

    minlen = NULL,
    cutoff_analysis = FALSE,
    fecutoff = 0.1,
    call_summits = FALSE,
    buffer_size = 1e+05,
    verbose = 2L,
    log = TRUE,
    ...
)

```

## Arguments

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| tfile          | ChIP-seq treatment files.   |
| cfile          | Control files.  |
| gsize          | Effective genome size. It can be 1.0e+9 or 1000000000, or shortcuts: 'hs' for human (2.7e9), 'mm' for mouse (1.87e9), 'ce' for <i>C. elegans</i> (9e7) and 'dm' for fruitfly (1.2e8), Default:hs. |
| tsize          | Tag size/read length. This will override the auto detected tag size. DEFAULT: Not set   |
| format         | Format of tag file, "AUTO", "BED" or "ELAND" or "ELANDMULTI" or "ELAND-EXPORT" or "SAM" or "BAM" or "BOWTIE" or "BAMPE" or "BEDPE".   |
| keepduplicates | It controls the behavior towards duplicate tags at the exact same location – the same coordination and the same strand.   |
| outdir         | If specified all output files will be written to that directory.  |
| name           | Experiment name, which will be used to generate output file names.  |
| store_bdg      | Whether or not to save extended fragment pileup, and local lambda tracks (two files) at every bp into a bedGraph file.  |
| do_SPMR        | If True, MACS will SAVE signal per million reads for fragment pileup profiles.  |
| trackline      | Tells MACS to include trackline with bedGraph files.  |
| nomodel        | Whether or not to build the shifting model.   |
| shift          | The arbitrary shift in bp. Use discretion while setting it other than default value.  |
| extsize        | The arbitrary extension size in bp.   |
| bw             | Band width for picking regions to compute fragment size.  |
| d_min          | Minimum fragment size in basepair. Any predicted fragment size less than this will be excluded.   |
| mfold          | Select the regions within MFOLD range of high-confidence enrichment ratio against background to build model.  |
| onauto         | Whether turn on the auto pair model process.  |
| qvalue         | Minimum FDR (q-value) cutoff for peak detection.  |
| pvalue         | Pvalue cutoff for peak detection. DEFAULT: not set.   |
| tempdir        | Optional directory to store temp files.   |
| nolambda       | If True, MACS will use fixed background lambda as local lambda for every peak region.   |

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| scalet0         | When set to 'small', scale the larger sample up to the smaller sample.  |
| downsample      | When set, random sampling method will scale down the bigger sample. By default, MACS uses linear scaling.   |
| slocal          | The small nearby region in basepairs to calculate dynamic lambda.   |
| llocal          | The large nearby region in basepairs to calculate dynamic lambda.   |
| broad           | If set, MACS will try to call broad peaks using the <code>-broad-cutoff</code> setting.   |
| broadcutoff     | Cutoff for broad region. This option is not available unless <code>-broad</code> is set.  |
| maxgap          | Maximum gap between significant sites to cluster them together. The DEFAULT value is the detected read length/tag size.   |
| minlen          | Minimum length of a peak. The DEFAULT value is the predicted fragment size d.   |
| cutoff_analysis | While set, MACS2 will analyze number or total length of peaks that can be called by different p-value cutoff then output a summary table to help user decide a better cutoff. |
| fecutoff        | When set, the value will be used to filter out peaks with low fold-enrichment.  |
| call_summits    | If set, MACS will use a more sophisticated signal processing approach to find subpeak summits in each enriched peak region.   |
| buffer_size     | Buffer size for incrementally increasing internal array size to store reads alignment information. DEFAULT: 100000.   |
| verbose         | Set verbose level of runtime message. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. DEFAULT:2       |
| log             | Whether to capture logs.  |
| ...             | More options for macs2.   |

### Value

macsList object.

### Examples

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
CTRL <- eh[["EH4563"]]
res <- callpeak(CHIP, CTRL, gsize = 5.2e7,
               cutoff_analysis = TRUE,
               outdir = tempdir(),
               name = "callpeak_narrow0")
```

---

|         |                |
|---------|----------------|
| callvar | <i>callvar</i> |
|---------|----------------|

---

## Description

Call variants in given peak regions from the alignment BAM files.

## Usage

```
callvar(
  peakbed,
  tfile,
  cfile,
  outputfile = character(),
  GQCutoffHetero = 0,
  GQCutoffHomo = 0,
  Q = 20,
  maxDuplicate = 1L,
  fermi = "auto",
  fermiMinOverlap = 30L,
  top2allelesMinRatio = 0.8,
  altalleleMinCount = 2L,
  maxAR = 0.95,
  np = 1L,
  verbose = 2L,
  log = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| peakbed        | Peak regions in BED format, sorted by coordinates. <b>REQUIRED.</b>  |
| tfile          | ChIP-seq/ATAC-seq treatment file in BAM format, containing only records in peak regions, sorted by coordinates. Check instruction on how to make the file using samtools. <b>REQUIRED.</b> |
| cfile          | Control file in BAM format, containing only records in peak regions, sorted by coordinates. Check instruction on how to make the file using samtools.                                      |
| outputfile     | Output VCF file name.  |
| GQCutoffHetero | Genotype Quality score $(-10\log_{10}((L_{00}+L_{11})/(L_{01}+L_{00}+L_{11})))$ cutoff for Heterozygous allele type. Default:0, or there is no cutoff on GQ.                               |
| GQCutoffHomo   | Genotype Quality score $(-10\log_{10}((L_{00}+L_{01})/(L_{01}+L_{00}+L_{11})))$ cutoff for Homozygous allele (not the same as reference) type. Default:0, or there is no cutoff on GQ.     |
| Q              | Only consider bases with quality score greater than this value. Default: 20, which means Q20 or 0.01 error rate.   |

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| maxDuplicate        | Maximum duplicated reads allowed per mapping position, mapping strand and the same CIGAR code. Default: 1. When sequencing depth is high, to set a higher value might help evaluate the correct allele ratio.  |
| fermi               | Option to control when to apply local assembly through Fermi. By default (set as 'auto'), while SAPPER detects any INDEL variant in a peak region, it will utilize Fermi to recover the actual DNA sequences to refine the read alignments. If set as 'on', Fermi will be always invoked. It can increase specificity however sensitivity and speed will be significantly lower. If set as 'off', Fermi won't be invoked at all. If so, speed and sensitivity can be higher but specificity will be significantly lower. Default: auto |
| fermiMinOverlap     | The minimal overlap for fermi to initially assemble two reads. Must be between 1 and read length. A longer fermiMinOverlap is needed while read length is small (e.g. 30 for 36bp read, but 33 for 100bp read may work). Default:30  |
| top2allelesMinRatio | The reads for the top 2 most frequent alleles (e.g. a ref allele and an alternative allele) at a loci shouldn't be too few comparing to total reads mapped. The minimum ratio is set by this optoin. Must be a float between 0.5 and 1. Default:0.8 which means at least 80%% of reads contain the top 2 alleles.  |
| altalleleMinCount   | The count of the alternative (non-reference) allele at a loci shouldn't be too few. By default, we require at least two reads support the alternative allele. Default:2  |
| maxAR               | The maximum Allele-Ratio allowed while calculating likelihood for allele-specific binding. If we allow higher maxAR, we may mistakenly assign some homozygous loci as heterozygous. Default:0.95   |
| np                  | CPU used for mutliple processing. Please note that, assigning more CPUs does not guarantee the process being faster. Creating too many parrallel processes need memory operations and may negate benefit from multi processing. Default: 1   |
| verbose             | Set verbose level of runtime message. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. DEFAULT:2  |
| log                 | Whether to capture logs.   |

### Value

macsList object.

### Examples

```
## Not run:
callvar(
  "PEsample_peaks_sorted.bed",
  "PEsample_peaks_sorted.bam",
  "PEcontrol_peaks_sorted.bam",
  "/tmp/test.vcf")

## End(Not run)
```

cmbreps

*cmbreps***Description**

Combine BEDGraphs of scores from replicates. Note: All regions on the same chromosome in the bedGraph file should be continuous so only bedGraph files from MACS3 are acceptable.

**Usage**

```
cmbreps(
  ifiles = list(),
  weights = 1,
  method = c("fisher", "max", "mean"),
  outputfile = character(),
  outdir = ".",
  log = TRUE,
  verbose = 2L
)
```

**Arguments**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| ifiles     | MACS score in bedGraph for each replicate. Require at least 2 files such as 'i A B C D'. REQUIRED  |
| weights    | Weight for each replicate. Default is 1.0 for each. When given, require same number of parameters as IFILE.  |
| method     | to use while combining scores from replicates. 1) fisher: Fisher's combined probability test. It requires scores in ppois form (-log10 pvalues) from bdgcmp. Other types of scores for this method may cause cmbreps unexpected errors. 2) max: take the maximum value from replicates for each genomic position. 3) mean: take the average value. Note, except for Fisher's method, max or mean will take scores AS IS which means they won't convert scores from log scale to linear scale or vice versa.", default="fisher" |
| outputfile | Output filename. Mutually exclusive with -o-prefix. The number and the order of arguments for -ofile must be the same as for -m.   |
| outdir     | The output directory.  |
| log        | Whether to capture logs.   |
| verbose    | Set verbose level of runtime message. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. DEFAULT:2  |

**Value**

macsList object.

**Examples**

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
CTRL <- eh[["EH4563"]]
c1 <- callpeak(CHIP, CTRL, gsize = 5.2e7, cutoff_analysis = TRUE,
             outdir = tempdir(), name = "callpeak_narrow0",
              store_bdg = TRUE)
cmbreps(ifiles = list(c1$outputs[1], c1$outputs[7]),
        method = "max", outdir = tempdir(), outputfile = "cmbreps")
```

---

 filterdup

*filterdup*


---

**Description**

filterdup

**Usage**

```
filterdup(
  ifile,
  gsize = "hs",
  format = "AUTO",
  tsize = NULL,
  pvalue = 1e-05,
  keepduplicates = "auto",
  outputfile = character(),
  outdir = ".",
  verbose = 2L,
  buffer_size = 10000,
  dryrun = FALSE,
  log = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| ifile  | Input file(s).   |
| gsize  | Effective genome size. It can be 1.0e+9 or 1000000000, or shortcuts: 'hs' for human (2.7e9), 'mm' for mouse (1.87e9), 'ce' for C. elegans (9e7) and 'dm' for fruitfly (1.2e8), Default:hs. |
| format | Input file format.   |
| tsize  | Tag size. This will override the auto detected tag size.   |
| pvalue | Pvalue cutoff for binomial distribution test. DEFAULT:1e-5.  |

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| keepduplicates | It controls the behavior towards duplicate tags at the exact same location – the same coordination and the same strand. The 'auto' option makes MACS calculate the maximum tags at the exact same location based on binomial distribution using 1e-5 as pvalue cutoff; and the 'all' option keeps every tags. If an integer is given, at most this number of tags will be kept at the same location. Note, if you've used samtools or picard to flag reads as 'PCR/Optical duplicate' in bit 1024, MACS2 will still read them although the reads may be decided by MACS2 as duplicate later. If you plan to rely on samtools/picard/any other tool to filter duplicates, please remove those duplicate reads and save a new alignment file then ask MACS2 to keep all by '-keep-dup all'. The default is to keep one tag at the same location. Default: 1". |
| outputfile     | The output file.  |
| outdir         | The output directory.   |
| verbose        | Set verbose level of runtime message. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. DEFAULT: 2.   |
| buffer_size    | Buffer size for incrementally increasing internal array size to store reads alignment information. In most cases, you don't have to change this parameter. However, if there are large number of chromosomes/contigs/scaffolds in your alignment, it's recommended to specify a smaller buffer size in order to decrease memory usage (but it will take longer time to read alignment files). Minimum memory requested for reading an alignment file is about # of CHROMOSOME * BUFFER_SIZE * 8 Bytes. DEFAULT: 100000.   |
| dryrun         | When set, filterdup will only output numbers instead of writing output files, including maximum allowable duplicates, total number of reads before filtering, total number of reads after filtering, and redundant rate. Default: not set.  |
| log            | Whether to capture logs.  |

**Value**

macsList object.

**Examples**

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
res <- filterdup(ifile = CHIP, outputfile = "test.bed", outdir = tempdir())
```

---

hmmratic

*hmmratic*


---

**Description**

Dedicated peak calling based on Hidden Markov Model for ATAC-seq data.

**Usage**

```

hmmratak(
  bam,
  outdir = ".",
  name = "NA",
  verbose = 2L,
  log = TRUE,
  em_skip = FALSE,
  em_means = list(50, 200, 400, 600),
  em_stddevs = list(20, 20, 20, 20),
  hmm_binsize = 10L,
  hmm_lower = 10L,
  hmm_upper = 20L,
  hmm_maxTrain = 1000,
  hmm_training_flanking = 1000,
  hmm_file = NULL,
  hmm_randomSeed = 10151,
  prescan_cutoff = 1.2,
  openregion_minlen = 100,
  keepduplicates = "1",
  blacklist = NULL,
  save_digested = FALSE,
  save_likelihoods = FALSE,
  save_states = FALSE,
  save_train = FALSE,
  decoding_steps = 1000,
  buffer_size = 1e+05,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| bam      | Sorted BAM files containing the ATAC-seq reads. If multiple files are given as '-t A B C', then they will all be read and pooled together. REQUIRED.                    |
| outdir   | If specified all output files will be written to that directory. Default: the current working directory   |
| name     | Name for this experiment, which will be used as a prefix to generate output file names. DEFAULT: "NA"   |
| verbose  | Set verbose level of runtime message. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. DEFAULT:2 |
| log      | Whether to capture logs.  |
| em_skip  | Do not perform EM training on the fragment distribution. If set, EM_MEANS and EM.STDDEVS will be used instead. Default: False   |
| em_means | Comma separated list of initial mean values for the fragment distribution for short fragments, mono-, di-, and tri-nucleosomal fragments. Default: 50 200 400 600       |

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| em_stddevs            | Comma separated list of initial standard deviation values for fragment distribution for short fragments, mono-, di-, and tri-nucleosomal fragments. Default: 20 20 20 20   |
| hmm_binsize           | Size of the bins to split the pileup signals for training and decoding with Hidden Markov Model. Must $\geq 1$ . Smaller the binsize, higher the resolution of the results, slower the process. Default = 10   |
| hmm_lower             | Upper limit on fold change range for choosing training sites. Default: 20  |
| hmm_upper             | Lower limit on fold change range for choosing training sites. Default: 10  |
| hmm_maxTrain          | Maximum number of training regions to use. Default: 1000   |
| hmm_training_flanking | Training regions will be expanded to both side with this number of basepairs. The purpose is to include more background regions. Default: 1000   |
| hmm_file              | A JSON file generated from previous HMMRATAC run to use instead of creating new one. When provided, HMM training will be skipped. Default: NA  |
| hmm_randomSeed        | Seed to set for random sampling of training regions. Default: 10151  |
| prescan_cutoff        | The fold change cutoff for prescanning candidate regions in the whole dataset. Then we will use HMM to predict states on these candidate regions. Higher the prescan cutoff, fewer regions will be considered. Must $> 1$ . Default: 1.2   |
| openregion_minlen     | Minimum length of open region to call accessible regions. Must be larger than 0. If it is set as 0, it means no filtering on the length of the open regions called. Please note that, when bin size is small, setting a too small OPEN-REGION_MINLEN will bring a lot of false positives. Default: 100 |
| keepduplicates        | Keep duplicate reads from analysis. By default, duplicate reads will be removed. Default: False  |
| blacklist             | Filename of blacklisted regions to exclude (previously was BED_file). Examples are those from ENCODE. Default: NA  |
| save_digested         | Save the digested ATAC signals of short-, mono-, di-, and tri- signals in three BedGraph files with the names NAME_short.bdg, NAME_mono.bdg, NAME_di.bdg, and NAME_tri.bdg. DEFAULT: False   |
| save_likelihoods      | Save the likelihoods to each state annotation in three BedGraph files, named with NAME_open.bdg for open states, NAME_nuc.bdg for nucleosomal states, and NAME_bg.bdg for the background states. DEFAULT: False  |
| save_states           | Save all open and nucleosomal state annotations into a BED file with the name NAME_states.bed. DEFAULT: False  |
| save_train            | Save the training regions and training data into NAME_training_regions.bed and NAME_training_data.txt. Default: False  |
| decoding_steps        | Number of candidate regions to be decoded at a time. The HMM model will be applied with Viterbi to find the optimal state path in each region. bigger the number, 'possibly' faster the decoding process, 'definitely' larger the memory usage. Default: 1000.   |

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| buffer_size | Buffer size for incrementally increasing internal array size to store reads alignment information. In most cases, you don't have to change this parameter. However, if there are large number of chromosomes/contigs/scaffolds in your alignment, it's recommended to specify a smaller buffer size in order to decrease memory usage (but it will take longer time to read alignment files). Minimum memory requested for reading an alignment file is about # of CHROMOSOME * BUFFER_SIZE * 8 Bytes. DEFAULT: 100000 |
| ...         | More options for macs2.  |

---

|                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| macsList-class | <i>macsList</i> |
|----------------|-----------------|

---

### Description

macsList

### Arguments

|           |                                     |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| arguments | The arguments used in the function. |
| outputs   | The outputs from the function.      |
| log       | The run logs.                       |

---

|       |              |
|-------|--------------|
| MACSr | <i>MACSr</i> |
|-------|--------------|

---

### Description

The Model-based Analysis of ChIP-Seq (MACS) is a widely used toolkit for identifying transcript factor binding sites. This package is an R wrapper of the latest MACS3.

---

|        |               |
|--------|---------------|
| pileup | <i>pileup</i> |
|--------|---------------|

---

### Description

Pileup aligned reads with a given extension size (fragment size or d in MACS language). Note there will be no step for duplicate reads filtering or sequencing depth scaling, so you may need to do certain pre/post-processing.

**Usage**

```

pileup(
  ifile,
  outputfile = character(),
  outdir = ".",
  format = c("AUTO", "BAM", "SAM", "BED", "ELAND", "ELANDMULTI", "ELANDEXPORT", "BOWTIE",
    "BAMPE", "BEDPE"),
  bothdirection = FALSE,
  extsize = 200L,
  buffer_size = 100000L,
  verbose = 2L,
  log = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| ifile         | Alignment file. If multiple files are given as '-t A B C', then they will all be read and combined. Note that pair-end data is not supposed to work with this command. REQUIRED.  |
| outputfile    | Output bedGraph file name. If not specified, will write to standard output. REQUIRED.   |
| outdir        | The output directory.   |
| format        | Format of tag file, \"AUTO\", \"BED\", \"ELAND\", \"ELANDMULTI\", \"ELANDEXPORT\", \"SAM\", \"BAM\", \"BOWTIE\", \"BAMPE\", or \"BEDPE\". The default AUTO option will let '%(prog)s' decide which format the file is. DEFAULT: \"AUTO\", MACS3 will pick a format from \"AUTO\", \"BED\", \"ELAND\", \"ELANDMULTI\", \"ELANDEXPORT\", \"SAM\", \"BAM\" and \"BOWTIE\". If the format is BAMPE or BEDPE, please specify it explicitly. Please note that when the format is BAMPE or BEDPE, the -B and -extsize options would be ignored.  |
| bothdirection | By default, any read will be extended towards downstream direction by extension size. So it's [0,size-1] (1-based index system) for plus strand read and [-size+1,0] for minus strand read where position 0 is 5' end of the aligned read. Default behavior can simulate MACS3 way of piling up ChIP sample reads where extension size is set as fragment size/d. If this option is set as on, aligned reads will be extended in both upstream and downstream directions by extension size. It means [-size,size] where 0 is the 5' end of a aligned read. It can partially simulate MACS3 way of piling up control reads. However MACS3 local bias is calculated by maximizing the expected pileup over a ChIP fragment size/d estimated from 10kb, 1kb, d and whole genome background. This option will be ignored when the format is set as BAMPE or BEDPE. DEFAULT: False |
| extsize       | The extension size in bps. Each alignment read will become a EXTSIZE of fragment, then be piled up. Check description for -B for detail. It's twice the shiftsize in old MACSv1 language. This option will be ignored when the format is set as BAMPE or BEDPE. DEFAULT: 200  |

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| buffer_size | Buffer size for incrementally increasing internal array size to store reads alignment information. In most cases, you don't have to change this parameter. However, if there are large number of chromosomes/contigs/scaffolds in your alignment, it's recommended to specify a smaller buffer size in order to decrease memory usage (but it will take longer time to read alignment files). Minimum memory requested for reading an alignment file is about # of CHROMOSOME * BUFFER_SIZE * 8 Bytes. DEFAULT: 100000 |
| verbose     | Set verbose level. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. If you want to know where are the duplicate reads, use 3. DEFAULT:2   |
| log         | Whether to capture logs.   |

**Value**

macsList object.

**Examples**

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
p <- pileup(CHIP, outdir = tempdir(), outputfile = "pileup_bed.bdg", format = "BED")
```

---

predictd

*predictd*

---

**Description**

Predict d or fragment size from alignment results. In case of PE data, report the average insertion/fragment size from all pairs. *Will NOT filter duplicates*

**Usage**

```
predictd(
  ifile,
  gsize = "hs",
  format = "AUTO",
  plot = normalizePath(tempdir(), "predictd_mode.pdf"),
  tsize = NULL,
  bw = 300,
  d_min = 20,
  mfold = c(5, 50),
  buffer_size = 1e+05,
  verbose = 2L,
  log = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

|                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| <code>ifile</code>       | Input file(s).   |
| <code>gsize</code>       | Effective genome size. It can be 1.0e+9 or 1000000000, or shortcuts: 'hs' for human (2.7e9), 'mm' for mouse (1.87e9), 'ce' for <i>C. elegans</i> (9e7) and 'dm' for fruitfly (1.2e8), Default:hs.  |
| <code>format</code>      | Input file format.   |
| <code>plot</code>        | PDF path of peak model and correlation plots.  |
| <code>tsize</code>       | Tag size. This will override the auto detected tag size.   |
| <code>bw</code>          | Band width for picking regions to compute fragment size. This value is only used while building the shifting model. DEFAULT: 300   |
| <code>d_min</code>       | Minimum fragment size in basepair. Any predicted fragment size less than this will be excluded. DEFAULT: 20  |
| <code>mfold</code>       | Select the regions within MFOLD range of high-confidence enrichment ratio against background to build model. Fold-enrichment in regions must be lower than upper limit, and higher than the lower limit. Use as "-m 10 30". DEFAULT:5 50 |
| <code>buffer_size</code> | Buffer size for incrementally increasing internal array size to store reads alignment information. DEFAULT: 100000.  |
| <code>verbose</code>     | Set verbose level of runtime message. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. DEFAULT:2  |
| <code>log</code>         | Whether to capture log.  |

**Value**

predicted fragment sizes.

**Examples**

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
predictd(CHIP, d_min = 10, gsize=5.2e+7, plot = NULL)
```

---

randsample

*randsample*

---

**Description**

Randomly sample number/percentage of total reads.

**Usage**

```

randsample(
  ifile,
  outdir = ".",
  outputfile = character(),
  percentage = numeric(),
  number = numeric(),
  seed = -1L,
  tsize = NULL,
  format = c("AUTO", "BAM", "SAM", "BED", "ELAND", "ELANDMULTI", "ELANDEXPORT", "BOWTIE",
    "BAMPE", "BEDPE"),
  buffer_size = 100000L,
  verbose = 2L,
  log = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| ifile       | Alignment file. If multiple files are given as '-t A B C', then they will all be read and combined. Note that pair-end data is not supposed to work with this command. REQUIRED.   |
| outdir      | The output directory.  |
| outputfile  | Output bedGraph file name. If not specified, will write to standard output. REQUIRED.  |
| percentage  | Percentage of tags you want to keep. Input 80.0 for 80%. This option can't be used at the same time with -n/-num. REQUIRED   |
| number      | Number of tags you want to keep. Input 8000000 or 8e+6 for 8 million. This option can't be used at the same time with -p/-percent. Note that the number of tags in output is approximate as the number specified here. REQUIRED  |
| seed        | Set the random seed while down sampling data. Must be a non-negative integer in order to be effective. DEFAULT: not set  |
| tsize       | Tag size. This will override the auto detected tag size. DEFAULT: Not set  |
| format      | Format of tag file, \"AUTO\", \"BED\" or \"ELAND\" or \"ELANDMULTI\" or \"ELANDEXPORT\" or \"SAM\" or \"BAM\" or \"BOWTIE\" or \"BAMPE\" or \"BEDPE\". The default AUTO option will %(prog)s decide which format the file is. Please check the definition in README file if you choose ELAND/ELANDMULTI/ELANDEXPORT/SAM/BAM/BOWTIE or BAMPE/BEDPE. DEFAULT: \"AUTO\"   |
| buffer_size | Buffer size for incrementally increasing internal array size to store reads alignment information. In most cases, you don't have to change this parameter. However, if there are large number of chromosomes/contigs/scaffolds in your alignment, it's recommended to specify a smaller buffer size in order to decrease memory usage (but it will take longer time to read alignment files). Minimum memory requested for reading an alignment file is about # of CHROMOSOME * BUFFER_SIZE * 8 Bytes. DEFAULT: 100000 |

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| verbose | Set verbose level. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. If you want to know where are the duplicate reads, use 3. DEFAULT:2 |
| log     | Whether to capture logs.   |

**Value**

macsList object.

**Examples**

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
randsample(CHIP, number = 1000, outdir = tempdir(), outputfile = "randsample.bed")
```

---

|            |                   |
|------------|-------------------|
| refinepeak | <i>refinepeak</i> |
|------------|-------------------|

---

**Description**

(Experimental) Take raw reads alignment, refine peak summits and give scores measuring balance of waston/crick tags. Inspired by SPP.

**Usage**

```
refinepeak(
  bedfile,
  ifile,
  format = c("AUTO", "BAM", "SAM", "BED", "ELAND", "ELANDMULTI", "ELANDEXPORT", "BOWTIE"),
  cutoff = 5,
  windowsize = 200L,
  buffer_size = 100000L,
  verbose = 2L,
  outdir = "./",
  outputfile = character(),
  log = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| bedfile | Candidate peak file in BED format. REQUIRED.  |
| ifile   | ChIP-seq alignment file. If multiple files are given as '-t A B C', then they will all be read and combined. Note that pair-end data is not supposed to work with this command. REQUIRED. |

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| format      | Format of tag file, \"AUTO\", \"BED\" or \"ELAND\" or \"ELANDMULTI\" or \"ELANDEXPORT\" or \"SAM\" or \"BAM\" or \"BOWTIE\". The default AUTO option will let '%(prog)s' decide which format the file is. Please check the definition in README file if you choose ELAND/ELANDMULTI/ELANDEXPORT/SAM/BAM/BOWTIE. DEFAULT: \"AUTO\""   |
| cutoff      | Cutoff DEFAULT: 5  |
| window_size | Scan window size on both side of the summit (default: 100bp)   |
| buffer_size | Buffer size for incrementally increasing internal array size to store reads alignment information. In most cases, you don't have to change this parameter. However, if there are large number of chromosomes/contigs/scaffolds in your alignment, it's recommended to specify a smaller buffer size in order to decrease memory usage (but it will take longer time to read alignment files). Minimum memory requested for reading an alignment file is about # of CHROMOSOME * BUFFER_SIZE * 8 Bytes. DEFAULT: 100000 |
| verbose     | Set verbose level. 0: only show critical message, 1: show additional warning message, 2: show process information, 3: show debug messages. If you want to know where are the duplicate reads, use 3. DEFAULT:2   |
| outdir      | The output directory.  |
| outputfile  | Output bedGraph file name. If not specified, will write to standard output. REQUIRED.  |
| log         | Whether to capture logs.   |

### Value

macsList object.

### Examples

```
eh <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()
CHIP <- eh[["EH4558"]]
CTRL <- eh[["EH4563"]]
res <- callpeak(CHIP, CTRL, gsize = 5.2e7, cutoff_analysis = TRUE,
               outdir = tempdir(), name = "callpeak_narrow0")
refinepeak(grep("narrowPeak", res$outputs, value = TRUE), CHIP,
           outdir = tempdir(), outputfile = "refine")
```

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