

# Package ‘ROntoTools’

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**Type** Package

**Title** R Onto-Tools suite

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**Description** Suite of tools for functional analysis.

**biocViews** NetworkAnalysis, Microarray, GraphsAndNetworks

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**Depends** methods, graph, boot, KEGGREST, KEGGgraph, Rgraphviz

**Suggests** RUnit, BiocGenerics

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|          |                              |
|----------|------------------------------|
| alpha1MR | <i>Compute alpha weights</i> |
|----------|------------------------------|

---

### Description

Transform a vector of p-values into weights.

### Usage

```
alpha1MR(pv, threshold = max(pv))
```

### Arguments

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| pv        | vector of p-values                                   |
| threshold | the threshold value that was used to select DE genes |

### Details

Computes a set of weights from p-values using the formula  $1-pv/threshold$ .

### Author(s)

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

### See Also

[pe](#)

### Examples

```
load(system.file("extdata/E-GEOD-21942.topTable.RData", package = "R0ntoTools"))
```

```
head(alpha1MR(top$adj.P.Val))
```

---

|          |                              |
|----------|------------------------------|
| alphaMLG | <i>Compute alpha weights</i> |
|----------|------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Transform a vector of p-values into weights.

**Usage**

```
alphaMLG(pv, threshold = max(pv))
```

**Arguments**

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| pv        | vector of p-values                                   |
| threshold | the threshold value that was used to select DE genes |

**Details**

Computes a set of weights from p-values using the formula  $-\log_{10}(pv/threshold)$ .

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**

[pe](#)

**Examples**

```
load(system.file("extdata/E-GEOD-21942.topTable.RData", package = "ROntoTools"))  
head(alphaMLG(top$adj.P.Val))
```

---

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| compute.fisher | <i>Combine independent p-values using the Fisher method</i> |
|----------------|---|

---

**Description**

Combine independent p-values using the Fisher method

**Usage**

```
compute.fisher(p, eps = 1e-06)
```

**Arguments**

p a vector of independent p-values  
eps the minimal p-value considered (all p-values smaller will be set to this value)

**Value**

the combined p-value

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**References**

Tarca AL., Draghici S., Khatri P., Hassan SS., Kim J., Kim CJ., Kusanovic JP., Romero R.: "A Signaling Pathway Impact Analysis for Microarray Experiments", 2008, *Bioinformatics*, 2009, 25(1):75-82.

**See Also**

[pe](#), [compute.normalInv](#)

**Examples**

```
p <- c(.1, .01)
compute.fisher(p)
```

---

compute.normalInv      *Combine independent p-values using the normal inversion method*

---

**Description**

Combine independent p-values using the normal inversion method

**Usage**

```
compute.normalInv(p, eps = 1e-06)
```

**Arguments**

p a vector of independent p-values  
eps the minimal p-value considered (all p-values smaller will be set to this value)

**Value**

the combined p-value

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**References**

Tarca AL., Draghici S., Romero R.: "A Mmore Specific Method To Combine Perturbation and Over-representation Evidence in Pathway Analysis", PSB 2010 poster.

**See Also**

[pe.compute.fisher](#)

**Examples**

```
p <- c(.1, .01)
compute.normalInv(p)
```

---

keggPathwayGraphs      *Download and parse KEGG pathway data*

---

**Description**

Download and parse KEGG pathway data

**Usage**

```
keggPathwayGraphs(organism = "hsa", targRelTypes = c("GErel", "PCrel",
  "PPrel"), relPercThresh = 0.9, nodeOnlyGraphs = FALSE,
  updateCache = FALSE, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| organism       | organism code as defined by KEGG  |
| targRelTypes   | target relation types   |
| relPercThresh  | percentage of the number of relation types over all possible reallions in the pathway |
| nodeOnlyGraphs | allow graphs with no edges  |
| updateCache    | re-download KEGG data   |
| verbose        | show progress of downloading and parsing  |

**Value**

A list of [graphNEL](#) objects encoding the pathway information.

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**

[keggPathwayNames](#)

**Examples**

```
# The pathway cache provided as part of the pathway contains only the
# pathways that passed the default filtering. We recommend, re-downloading
# the pathways using the updateCache parameter
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")

# to update the pathway cache for human run:
# kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa", updateCache = TRUE)
# this is time consuming and depends on the available bandwidth.

head(names(kpg))

kpg[["path:hsa04110"]]
head(nodes(kpg[["path:hsa04110"]]))
head(edges(kpg[["path:hsa04110"]]))
```

---

|                  |                                   |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| keggPathwayNames | <i>Obtain KEGG pathway titles</i> |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Obtain KEGG pathway titles

**Usage**

```
keggPathwayNames(organism = "hsa", updateCache = FALSE, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| organism    | organism code as defined by KEGG         |
| updateCache | re-download KEGG data                    |
| verbose     | show progress of downloading and parsing |

**Value**

A named vector of pathway titles. The names of the vector are the pathway KEGG IDs.

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**[keggPathwayGraphs](#)**Examples**

```
kpn <- keggPathwayNames("hsa")

# to update the pathway cache for human run:
# kpn <- keggPathwayNames("hsa", updateCache = TRUE)
# this is time consuming and depends on the available bandwidth.

head(kpn)
```

---

`nodeWeights`*Retrieve the node weights of a graph*

---

**Description**

A generic function that returns the node weights of a graph. If `index` is specified, only the weights of the specified nodes are returned. The user can control which node attribute is interpreted as the weight.

**Usage**

```
nodeWeights(object, index, ..., attr = "weight", default = 1)

## S4 method for signature 'graph,character'
nodeWeights(object, index, attr, default)

## S4 method for signature 'graph,numeric'
nodeWeights(object, index, attr, default)

## S4 method for signature 'graph,missing'
nodeWeights(object, index, attr, default)
```

**Arguments**

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| <code>object</code>  | A graph, any object that inherits the graph class.   |
| <code>index</code>   | If supplied, a character or numeric vector of node names or indices.   |
| <code>...</code>     | Unused.  |
| <code>attr</code>    | The name of the node attribute to use as a weight. You can view the list of defined node attributes and their default values using <code>nodeDataDefaults</code> . |
| <code>default</code> | The value to use if <code>object</code> has no node attribute named by the value of <code>attr</code> . The default is the value 1.                                |

### Details

The weights of all nodes identified by the `index` are returned. If `index` is not supplied, the weights of all nodes are returned.

By default, `nodeWeights` looks for a node attribute with name "weight" and, if found, uses these values to construct the node weight vector. You can make use of attributes stored under a different name by providing a value for the `attr` argument. For example, if `object` is a graph instance with a node attribute named "WTS", then the call `nodeWeights(object, attr="WTS")` will attempt to use those values.

If the graph instance does not have a node attribute with name given by the value of the `attr` argument, `default` will be used as the weight for all nodes. Note that if there is an attribute named by `attr`, then its default value will be used for nodes not specifically customized. See `nodeData` and `nodeDataDefaults` for more information.

### Value

A named vector with the node weights. The names of the vector are the names of the specified `index`, or all nodes if `index` was not provided.

### Author(s)

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

### See Also

[nodes](#), [nodeData](#)

### Examples

```
library(graph)
V <- LETTERS[1:4]
g <- graphNEL(nodes = V, edgemode = "directed")
nodeWeights(g)
nodeWeights(g, "B")
nodeWeights(g, attr = "WT", default = 3)
```

---

pDis

*Primary dis-regulation: Pathway analysis approach based on the unexplained dis-regulation of genes*

---

### Description

Primary dis-regulation: Pathway analysis approach based on the unexplained dis-regulation of genes



**Usage**

```
pDis(x, graphs, ref = NULL, nboot = 2000, verbose = TRUE,  
     cluster = NULL, seed = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| x       | named vector of log fold changes for the differentially expressed genes; names(x) must use the same id's as ref and the nodes of the graphs                                     |
| graphs  | list of pathway graphs as objects of type graph (e.g., <a href="#">graphNEL</a> ); the graphs must be weighted graphs (i.e., have an attribute weight for both nodes and edges) |
| ref     | the reference vector for all genes in the analysis; if the reference is not provided or it is identical to names(x) a cut-off free analysis is performed                        |
| nboot   | number of bootstrap iterations  |
| verbose | print progress output   |
| cluster | a cluster object created by makeCluster for parallel computations   |
| seed    | an integer value passed to set.seed() during the bootstrap permutations   |

**Details**

See details in the cited articles.

**Value**

An object of class `pDisRes-class`.

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita, Sahar Ansari and Sorin Draghici

**References**

Voichita C., Donato M., Draghici S.: "Incorporating gene significance in the impact analysis of signaling pathways", IEEE Machine Learning and Applications (ICMLA), 2012 11th International Conference on, Vol. 1, p.126-131, 2012 Ansari, S., Voichita, C., Donato, M., Tagett, R., & Draghici, S. A Novel Pathway Analysis Approach Based on the Unexplained Disregulation of Genes.

**See Also**

[Summary](#), [keggPathwayGraphs](#), [setNodeWeights](#), [setEdgeWeights](#)

**Examples**

```
# load a multiple sclerosis study (public data available in Array Express  
# ID: E-GEOD-21942)  
# This file contains the top table, produced by the limma package with  
# added gene information. All the probe sets with no gene associate to them,  
# have been removed. Only the most significant probe set for each gene has been  
# kept (the table is already ordered by p-value)
```

```

# The table contains the expression fold change and significance of each
# probe set in peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) from 12 MS patients
# and 15 controls.
load(system.file("extdata/E-GEOD-21942.topTable.RData", package = "ROntoTools"))
head(top)

# select differentially expressed genes at 1% and save their fold change in a
# vector fc and their p-values in a vector pv
fc <- top$logFC[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
names(fc) <- top$entrez[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]

pv <- top$P.Value[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
names(pv) <- top$entrez[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]

# alternatively use all the genes for the analysis
# NOT RUN:
# fc <- top$logFC
# names(fc) <- top$entrez

# pv <- top$P.Value
# names(pv) <- top$entrez

# get the reference
ref <- top$entrez

# load the set of pathways
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")

# set the beta information (see the cited documents for meaning of beta)
kpg <- setEdgeWeights(kpg)

# include the significance information in the analysis (see Voichita:2012
# for more information)
# set the alpha information based on the pv with one of the predefined methods
kpg <- setNodeWeights(kpg, weights = alphaMLG(pv), defaultWeight = 1)

# perform the pathway analysis
# in order to obtain accurate results the number of bootstraps, nboot, should
# be increase to a number like 2000
pDisRes <- pDis(fc, graphs = kpg, ref = ref, nboot = 100, verbose = TRUE)

# obtain summary of results
head(Summary(pDisRes))

```

---

pDisPathway-class

*Class that encodes the result of pDis analysis for a single pathway*


---

## Description

Class that encodes the result of pDis analysis for a single pathway

**Slots**

- map: an object of type graph (e.g., [graphNEL](#)).
- input: named vector of fold changes for genes on this pathway. The names of the genes are the original IDS used in the analysis
- ref: vector of reference IDs on this pathway
- boot: an object of class boot encoding the bootstrap information.
- pDis: the gene primary dis-regulation for all genes on the pathway, as computed by primary dis-regulation.
- asGS: pathway was considered as gene set

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita, Sahar Ansari and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**

[pDis](#), [pDisRes-class](#)

---

pDisRes-class

*Primary dis-regulation (pDis) result class*

---

**Description**

This class is used to encode the results of the pathway analysis performed by the function [pDis](#).

**Details**

The slots input and ref record global information related to the whole analysis, while the pathways slot records the specific results as [pDisPathway-class](#) for each one of the pathways used in the analysis.

**Slots**

- pathways: A list of [pDisPathway-class](#) objects.
- input: named vector of fold changes used for the analysis. The names of the vector are the IDs originally used.
- ref: character vector containing the IDs used as reference in the analysis.
- cutOffFree: boolean value indicating if a cut-of-free analysis has been performed.

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita, Sahar Ansari and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**

[pDis](#), [pDisPathway-class](#)

---

pe

*Pathway-Express: Pathway analysis of signaling pathways*

---

## Description

Pathway-Express: Pathway analysis of signaling pathways

## Usage

```
pe(x, graphs, ref = NULL, nboot = 2000, verbose = TRUE, cluster = NULL,
   seed = NULL)
```

## Arguments

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| x       | named vector of log fold changes for the differentially expressed genes; names(x) must use the same id's as ref and the nodes of the graphs                                     |
| graphs  | list of pathway graphs as objects of type graph (e.g., <a href="#">graphNEL</a> ); the graphs must be weighted graphs (i.e., have an attribute weight for both nodes and edges) |
| ref     | the reference vector for all genes in the analysis; if the reference is not provided or it is identical to names(x) a cut-off free analysis is performed                        |
| nboot   | number of bootstrap iterations  |
| verbose | print progress output   |
| cluster | a cluster object created by makeCluster for parallel computations   |
| seed    | an integer value passed to set.seed() during the bootstrap permutations   |

## Details

See details in the cited articles.

## Value

An object of class [peRes-class](#).

## Author(s)

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

## References

Voichita C., Donato M., Draghici S.: "Incorporating gene significance in the impact analysis of signaling pathways", IEEE Machine Learning and Applications (ICMLA), 2012 11th International Conference on, Vol. 1, p.126-131, 2012

Tarca AL., Draghici S., Khatri P., Hassan SS., Kim J., Kim CJ., Kusanovic JP., Romero R.: "A Signaling Pathway Impact Analysis for Microarray Experiments", 2008, Bioinformatics, 2009, 25(1):75-82.

Khatri P., Draghici S., Tarca AL., Hassan SS., Romero R.: "A system biology approach for the steady-state analysis of gene signaling networks". Progress in Pattern Recognition, Image Analysis and Applications, Lecture Notes in Computer Science. 4756:32-41, November 2007.

Draghici S., Khatri P., Tarca A.L., Amin K., Done A., Voichita C., Georgescu C., Romero R.: "A systems biology approach for pathway level analysis". Genome Research, 17, 2007.

### See Also

[Summary](#), [plot](#), [peRes](#), [missing-method](#), [keggPathwayGraphs](#), [setNodeWeights](#), [setEdgeWeights](#)

### Examples

```
# load a multiple sclerosis study (public data available in Array Express
# ID: E-GEOD-21942)
# This file contains the top table, produced by the limma package with
# added gene information. All the probe sets with no gene associate to them,
# have been removed. Only the most significant probe set for each gene has been
# kept (the table is already ordered by p-value)
# The table contains the expression fold change and significance of each
# probe set in peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) from 12 MS patients
# and 15 controls.
load(system.file("extdata/E-GEOD-21942.topTable.RData", package = "ROntoTools"))
head(top)

# select differentially expressed genes at 1% and save their fold change in a
# vector fc and their p-values in a vector pv
fc <- top$logFC[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
names(fc) <- top$entrez[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]

pv <- top$P.Value[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
names(pv) <- top$entrez[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]

# alternatively use all the genes for the analysis
# NOT RUN:
# fc <- top$logFC
# names(fc) <- top$entrez

# pv <- top$P.Value
# names(pv) <- top$entrez

# get the reference
ref <- top$entrez

# load the set of pathways
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")

# set the beta information (see the cited documents for meaning of beta)
kpg <- setEdgeWeights(kpg)

# include the significance information in the analysis (see Voichita:2012
# for more information)
# set the alpha information based on the pv with one of the predefined methods
```

```

kpg <- setNodeWeights(kpg, weights = alphaMLG(pv), defaultWeight = 1)

# perform the pathway analysis
# in order to obtain accurate results the number of bootstraps, nboot, should
# be increase to a number like 2000
peRes <- pe(fc, graphs = kpg, ref = ref, nboot = 100, verbose = TRUE)

# obtain summary of results
head(Summary(peRes))

```

---

peEdgeRenderInfo      *Extract edge render information from a pePathway-class object*

---

## Description

Extract edge render information from a pePathway-class object

## Usage

```

peEdgeRenderInfo(x, pos.col = "black", pos.lty = "solid", pos.ah = "vee",
  neg.col = "black", neg.lty = "dashed", neg.ah = "tee",
  zero.col = "lightgray", zero.lty = "dotted", zero.ah = "none")

```

## Arguments

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| x        | an object of class <a href="#">pePathway-class</a> |
| pos.col  | color of the edges with possitive weight           |
| pos.lty  | line type of the edges with possitive weight       |
| pos.ah   | arrow head of the edges with possitive weight      |
| neg.col  | color of the edges with negative weight            |
| neg.lty  | line type of the edges with negative weight        |
| neg.ah   | arrow head of the edges with negative weight       |
| zero.col | color of the edges with zero weight                |
| zero.lty | color of the edges with zero weight                |
| zero.ah  | color of the edges with zero weight                |

## Value

a named list as expected by [edgeRenderInfo](#)

## Author(s)

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**[edgeRenderInfo,par](#)**Examples**

```
# load experiment
load(system.file("extdata/E-GEOD-21942.topTable.RData", package = "ROntoTools"))
fc <- top$logFC[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
names(fc) <- top$entrez[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
ref <- top$entrez

# load the set of pathways
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")
kpg <- setEdgeWeights(kpg)
kpg <- setNodeWeights(kpg, defaultWeight = 1)

# perform the pathway analysis
peRes <- pe(fc, graphs = kpg, ref = ref, nboot = 100, verbose = TRUE)

p <- peRes@pathways[[50]]
g <- layoutGraph(p@map, layoutType = "dot")
graphRenderInfo(g) <- list(fixedsize = FALSE)
edgeRenderInfo(g) <- peEdgeRenderInfo(p)
nodeRenderInfo(g) <- peNodeRenderInfo(p)
# notice the different type of edges in the graph (solid/dashed/dotted)
renderGraph(g)
```

---

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| peNodeRenderInfo | <i>Extract node render information from a pePathway-class object</i> |
|------------------|--|

---

**Description**

Extract node render information from a pePathway-class object

**Usage**

```
peNodeRenderInfo(x, y = "Pert", input.shape = "box",
  default.shape = "ellipse", pos.col = "red", neg.col = "blue",
  zero.col = "white")
```

**Arguments**

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| x             | an object of class <a href="#">pePathway-class</a>  |
| y             | a string representing the factor to be represented (Pert, Acc or input; see <a href="#">pePathway-class</a> ) |
| input.shape   | shape of nodes that have measured expression change   |
| default.shape | shape of all other nodes  |

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <code>pos.col</code>  | color of nodes with a positive y factor        |
| <code>neg.col</code>  | color of nodes with a negative y factor        |
| <code>zero.col</code> | color of nodes with the y factor equal to zero |

**Value**

a named list as expected by [nodeRenderInfo](#)

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**

[nodeRenderInfo,par](#)

**Examples**

```
# load experiment
load(system.file("extdata/E-GEOD-21942.topTable.RData", package = "R0ntoTools"))
fc <- top$logFC[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
names(fc) <- top$entrez[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
ref <- top$entrez

# load the set of pathways
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")
kpg <- setEdgeWeights(kpg)
kpg <- setNodeWeights(kpg, defaultWeight = 1)

# perform the pathway analysis
peRes <- pe(fc, graphs = kpg, ref = ref, nboot = 100, verbose = TRUE)

p <- peRes@pathways[[50]]
g <- layoutGraph(p@map, layoutType = "dot")
graphRenderInfo(g) <- list(fixedsize = FALSE)
edgeRenderInfo(g) <- peEdgeRenderInfo(p)
nodeRenderInfo(g) <- peNodeRenderInfo(p)
# notice the different type of nodes in the graph (box/circle)
# the color of each node represents the perturbation (red = positive, blue = negative)
# the shade represents the strength of the perturbation
renderGraph(g)

nodeRenderInfo(g) <- peNodeRenderInfo(p, "Acc")
# now, the color of each node represents the accumulation (red = positive, blue = negative)
# notice that square nodes with no parents have no accumulation
renderGraph(g)
```



---

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| pePathway-class | <i>Class that encodes the result of Pathway-Express for a single pathway</i> |
|-----------------|--|

---

**Description**

Class that encodes the result of Pathway-Express for a single pathway

**Slots**

**map:** an object of type graph (e.g., [graphNEL](#)).  
**input:** named vector of fold changes for genes on this pathway. The names of the genes are the original IDS used in the analysis  
**ref:** vector of reference IDs on this pathway  
**boot:** an object of class boot encoding the bootstrap information.  
**Pert:** the gene perturbation factors for all genes on the pathway, as computed by Pathway-Express.  
**Acc:** the gene accumulations for all genes on the pathway, as computed by Pathway-Express.  
**asGS:** pathway was considered as gene set

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**

[pe](#), [peRes-class](#)

---

|             |                                     |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| peRes-class | <i>Pathway-Express result class</i> |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This class is used to encode the results of the pathway analysis performed by the function [pe](#).

**Details**

The slots `input` and `ref` record global information related to the whole analysis, while the `pathways` slot records the specific results as [pePathway-class](#) for each one of the pathways used in the analysis.

**Slots**

**pathways:** A list of [pePathway-class](#) objects.  
**input:** named vector of fold changes used for the analysis. The names of the vector are the IDs originally used.  
**ref:** character vector containing the IDs used as reference in the analysis.  
**cutOffFree:** boolean value indicating if a cut-of-free analysis has been performed.

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**

[pe](#), [pePathway-class](#)

---

plot,pePathway,missing-method

*Plot pathway level statistics*

---

**Description**

Display graphical representation of pathway level statistic like: i) two way comparison between the measured expression change and one of the factors computed by Pathway-Express ([pe](#)) or ii) the bootstrap statistics of the same factors.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'pePathway,missing'
plot(x, y, ..., type = "two.way", eps = 1e-06)

## S4 method for signature 'pePathway,character'
plot(x, y, main = "", ..., type = "two.way",
     eps = 1e-06)
```

**Arguments**

|      |  |
|------|--|
| x    | an object of type <a href="#">pePathway-class</a>  |
| y    | if provided, the factor to be plotted (either Acc (default) or Pert; see <a href="#">pePathway-class</a> ) |
| ...  | Arguments to be passed to methods, such as <a href="#">par</a>   |
| type | type of plot (either two.way (default) or boot)  |
| eps  | any value smaller than this will be plotted as 0   |
| main | title  |

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**

[pe](#), [plot](#), [peRes](#), [missing-method](#), [peNodeRenderInfo](#), [peEdgeRenderInfo](#)

**Examples**

```

# load experiment
load(system.file("extdata/E-GEOD-21942.topTable.RData", package = "ROntoTools"))
fc <- top$logFC[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
names(fc) <- top$entrez[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
ref <- top$entrez

# load the set of pathways
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")
kpg <- setEdgeWeights(kpg)
kpg <- setNodeWeights(kpg, defaultWeight = 1)

# perform the pathway analysis (for more accurate results use nboot = 2000)
peRes <- pe(fc, graphs = kpg, ref = ref, nboot = 100, verbose = TRUE)

plot(peRes@pathways[[50]])

plot(peRes@pathways[[50]], "Pert", main = "Perturbation factor")

plot(peRes@pathways[[50]], type = "boot")

plot(peRes@pathways[[50]], "Pert", type = "boot", main = "Perturbation factor")

```

---

plot,peRes,missing-method

*Plot Pathway-Express result*


---

**Description**

Display a two-way plot using two of the p-values from the Pathway-Express analysis.

**Usage**

```

## S4 method for signature 'peRes,missing'
plot(x, y, ..., comb.pv.func = compute.fisher,
      adjust.method = "fdr", threshold = 0.05, eps = 1e-06)

## S4 method for signature 'peRes,character'
plot(x, y, ..., comb.pv.func = compute.fisher,
      adjust.method = "fdr", threshold = 0.05, eps = 1e-06)

```

**Arguments**

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| x   | an object of type <a href="#">peRes-class</a>  |
| y   | vector of two p-values names to be combined using comb.pv.func (default: c("pAcc", "pORA")). |
| ... | Arguments to be passed to methods, such as <a href="#">par</a> .                             |

`comb.pv.func` the function to combine the p-values - takes as input a vector of p-values and returns the combined p-value (default: [compute.fisher](#)).  
`adjust.method` the name of the method to adjust the p-value (see [p.adjust](#))  
`threshold` corrected p-value threshold  
`eps` any value smaller than this will be considered as eps (default: 1e-6).

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**See Also**

[pe](#), [summary.peRes](#), [plot](#), [pePathway](#), [missing-method](#)

**Examples**

```

# load experiment
load(system.file("extdata/E-GEOD-21942.topTable.RData", package = "ROntoTools"))
fc <- top$logFC[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
names(fc) <- top$entrez[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
ref <- top$entrez

# load the set of pathways
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")
kpg <- setEdgeWeights(kpg)
kpg <- setNodeWeights(kpg, defaultWeight = 1)

# perform the pathway analysis (for more accurate results use nboot = 2000)
peRes <- pe(fc, graphs = kpg, ref = ref, nboot = 100, verbose = TRUE)

plot(peRes)

plot(peRes, c("pPert", "pORA"), comb.pv.func = compute.normalInv, threshold = .01)

```

---

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| setEdgeWeights | <i>Set gene weights based on edge type</i> |
|----------------|--|

---

**Description**

setEdgeWeights

**Usage**

```

setEdgeWeights(graphList, edgeTypeAttr = "subtype",
  edgeWeightByType = list(activation = 1, inhibition = -1, expression = 1,
  repression = -1), defaultWeight = 0, combineWeights = sum,
  nodeOnlyGraphs = FALSE)

```

**Arguments**

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| graphList        | a list of <a href="#">graphNEL</a> objects   |
| edgeTypeAttr     | edge attribute to be considered as the edge type. If the edge has multiple types, the edge type attribute is considered as a comma separated list of types |
| edgeWeightByType | named list of weights, where the names of the list are the edge type (values of the attribute defined by edgeTypeAttr)                                     |
| defaultWeight    | default value for an edge with a type not defined in edgeWeightByType  |
| combineWeights   | for the edges with multiple types, the function to be applied on the vector of weights   |
| nodeOnlyGraphs   | boolean value marking if graphs with no edges should be returned or not; note that graphs with all edge weights equal to 0 are considered node only graphs |

**Value**

The graphList with the edge weights set.

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**Examples**

```
# load the set of pathways
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")

kpg <- setEdgeWeights(kpg)

edgeWeights(kpg[["path:hsa04110"]])
```

---

|                |                         |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| setNodeWeights | <i>Set node weights</i> |
|----------------|-------------------------|

---

**Description**

Set node weights

**Usage**

```
setNodeWeights(graphList, weights = NULL, defaultWeight = 1)
```

**Arguments**

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| graphList     | a list of graph (e.g., <a href="#">graphNEL</a> ) objects  |
| weights       | named vector or matrix; if vector, the node is going to have the same weight in all graphs it appears; if matrix, the rows represent nodes and columns represent graphs and the node will have different weights in each pathway |
| defaultWeight | the default weight for all nodes not set by the parameter weights  |

**Value**

The graphList with the node weights set.

**Author(s)**

Calin Voichita and Sorin Draghici

**Examples**

```
# load the set of pathways
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")

kpg <- setNodeWeights(kpg)

nodeWeights(kpg[["path:hsa04110"]])
```

---

Summary.pDisRes-method

*Summarize the results of a Pathway-Express analysis*

---

**Description**

Summarize the results of a Pathway-Express analysis

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'pDisRes'
Summary(x, ..., na.rm = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| x     | Primary dis-regulation analysis result object obtained using <a href="#">pDis</a> |
| ...   | see <a href="#">summary.pDisRes</a>   |
| na.rm | ignored   |

---

Summary,peRes-method    *Summarize the results of a Pathway-Express analysis*

---

### Description

Summarize the results of a Pathway-Express analysis

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peRes'
Summary(x, ..., na.rm = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| x     | Pathway-Express analysis result object obtained using <a href="#">pe</a> |
| ...   | see <a href="#">summary.peRes</a>  |
| na.rm | ignored  |

---

summary.pDisRes    *Summarize the results of a primary dis-regulation (pDis) analysis*

---

### Description

Summarize the results of a primary dis-regulation (pDis) analysis

### Usage

```
summary.pDisRes(object, ..., pathNames = NULL, totalpDis = TRUE, normalize = TRUE,
  ppDis = TRUE, pORA = TRUE,
  comb.pv = c("ppDis", "pORA"), comb.pv.func = compute.fisher,
  order.by = "pComb", adjust.method = "fdr")
```

### Arguments

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| object    | pDis analysis result object obtained using <a href="#">pDis</a>  |
| ...       | ignored  |
| pathNames | named vector of pathway names; the names of the vector are the IDs of the pathways   |
| totalpDis | boolean value indicating if the total primary dis-regulation should be computed  |
| normalize | boolean value indicating if normalization with regards to the bootstrap simulations should be performed on totalpDis                         |
| ppDis     | boolean value indicating if the significance of the total primary dis-regulation in regards to the bootstrap permutations should be computed |

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| pORA          | boolean value indicating if the over-representation p-value should be computed                             |
| comb.pv       | vector of the p-value names to be combine (any of the above p-values)                                      |
| comb.pv.func  | the function to combine the p-values; takes as input a vector of p-values and returns the combined p-value |
| order.by      | the name of the p-value that is used to order the results  |
| adjust.method | the name of the method to adjust the p-value (see <a href="#">p.adjust</a> )                               |

**See Also**[pDis](#)**Examples**

```
# load experiment
load(system.file("extdata/E-GEOD-21942.topTable.RData", package = "ROntoTools"))
fc <- top$logFC[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
names(fc) <- top$entrez[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
ref <- top$entrez

# load the set of pathways
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")
kpg <- setEdgeWeights(kpg)
kpg <- setNodeWeights(kpg, defaultWeight = 1)

# perform the pathway analysis
pDisRes <- pDis(fc, graphs = kpg, ref = ref, nboot = 100, verbose = TRUE)

# obtain summary of results
head(summary(pDisRes))

kpn <- keggPathwayNames("hsa")

head(summary(pDisRes))

head(summary(pDisRes, pathNames = kpn, totalpDis = FALSE,
              pORA = FALSE, comb.pv = NULL, order.by = "pDis"))
```

---

`summary.peRes`*Summarize the results of a Pathway-Express analysis*

---

**Description**

Summarize the results of a Pathway-Express analysis



**Usage**

```
summary.peRes(object, ..., pathNames = NULL, totalAcc = TRUE, totalPert = TRUE, normalize = TRUE,
  pPert = TRUE, pAcc = TRUE, pORA = TRUE,
  comb.pv = c("pPert", "pORA"), comb.pv.func = compute.fisher,
  order.by = "pComb", adjust.method = "fdr")
```

**Arguments**

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| object        | Pathways-Express result object obtained using <a href="#">pe</a>   |
| ...           | ignored  |
| pathNames     | named vector of pathway names; the names of the vector are the IDs of the pathways   |
| totalAcc      | boolean value indicating if the total accumulation should be computed  |
| totalPert     | boolean value indicating if the total perturbation should be computed  |
| normalize     | boolean value indicating if normalization with regards to the bootstrap simulations should be performed on totalAcc and totalPert  |
| pPert         | boolean value indicating if the significance of the total perturbation in regards to the bootstrap permutations should be computed |
| pAcc          | boolean value indicating if the significance of the total accumulation in regards to the bootstrap permutations should be computed |
| pORA          | boolean value indicating if the over-representation p-value should be computed   |
| comb.pv       | vector of the p-value names to be combine (any of the above p-values)  |
| comb.pv.func  | the function to combine the p-values; takes as input a vector of p-values and returns the combined p-value                         |
| order.by      | the name of the p-value that is used to order the results  |
| adjust.method | the name of the method to adjust the p-value (see <a href="#">p.adjust</a> )   |

**See Also**

[pe](#)

**Examples**

```
# load experiment
load(system.file("extdata/E-GEOD-21942.topTable.RData", package = "ROntoTools"))
fc <- top$logFC[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
names(fc) <- top$entrez[top$adj.P.Val <= .01]
ref <- top$entrez

# load the set of pathways
kpg <- keggPathwayGraphs("hsa")
kpg <- setEdgeWeights(kpg)
kpg <- setNodeWeights(kpg, defaultWeight = 1)

# perform the pathway analysis
peRes <- pe(fc, graphs = kpg, ref = ref, nboot = 100, verbose = TRUE)
```

```
# obtain summary of results
head(summary(peRes))

kpn <- keggPathwayNames("hsa")

head(summary(peRes))

head(summary(peRes, pathNames = kpn, totalAcc = FALSE, totalPert = FALSE,
             pAcc = FALSE, pORA = FALSE, comb.pv = NULL, order.by = "pPert"))
```

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